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Fed announcement: Jay-P's data state of mind

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The FOMC kept interest rates unchanged today as expected in May. The statement added a sentence on the lack of inflation progress but that was balanced by an acknowledgement of the progress made to date. The Fed also announced it will slow the pace of balance sheet run off in June, with Treasury runoff slowing from 60bn to 25bn while the MBS cap would stay at 35bn.

The main takeaway from today's meeting is that the Fed expects the elevated inflation readings we saw in Q1 to pass, and implicitly still see a path to cutting rates this year. Powell was clear that he has less confidence in that outcome now than he did previously and acknowledged the likelihood of holding rates for longer. But he carefully dismissed the idea that policy was not restrictive enough, arguing that "over time" it likely would be. He went further to point out the progress achieved in slowing the labor market, wage growth and inflation over the past few years. On growth, he straddled between his past view of the strength in the economy being the result of stronger supply and it showing some signs of a very modest slowdown. The undertone of this view is not something new, as the FOMC clearly believes the link between slack and inflation as not being very powerful and know that the US economy is far less interest rate sensitive than it was in the past. They want to see more evidence that (1) the economy is truly overheating and (2) that overheating is translating into price pressures. The reporters, rather than Powell, seemed more frustrated about the trajectory of the economy and the risks of not achieving price stability.

Powell is clearly very data dependent and very patient. Over the past nine months, he saw six consecutive great months, and then three not-so-great inflation reports in a row, so he is reluctant to jump to a new narrative so quickly. What today's meeting shows us is that they are comfortable with a slow pace of progress, with tolerance for some bumps and even some large potholes on the way. The catch however, is the Fed will calibrate policy changes at the same pace and risk of holding rates where they are is undoubtedly higher. Bringing inflation back to 2% is a must, but the Fed has not set a hard deadline for itself because it does not want to stoke further stress in the labor market now that inflation is now below 3% as Powell noted. The 3%-threshold is likely based on the idea that inflation above this level could cause inflation expectations to be at greater risk of being unanchored.

All of this seems very sensible to us. It has not been easy to disentangle the forces driving the US economy in the post-COVID period, for the Fed or for forecasters. Potential output could be much higher, as he alluded to, and the labor market could also be structurally tighter because of demographic forces and immigration. A shift in attitudes seems to be driving Americans to spend more on durable goods and save less. These structural changes make it difficult for the Fed to get a read on how much or how little demand there is in the economy at any point in time. Added to this challenge, the underlying recent strength in inflation is also tricky to figure out. It has elements that also appear not so long-lasting, and driven by sector-specific forces like the rise in car insurance premiums, rather than the broader forces of supply and demand in the economy as a whole. Powell's data state of mind and patience is a wise strategy and he has time on his hand with the labor market steady -- neither cooling a lot, nor heating up materially. We think that while the last set of inflation reports have been discouraging, they will turn a corner as these idiosyncratic factors fade and a path to policy easing will emerge later this year giving the Fed the chance to ease twice in 2024.

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